#### THE FIFTY-SIXTH ASSEMBLY

One of the Effects of Third-Party Men Assisting in Electing Democrats.

No Petitions for Temperance Laws Need Be Submitted to This Legislature as the Majority Will Give No Heed to Them.

A Resolution Looking to a Free Discussion on Local Option Voted Down.

The Bill to Save Indigent Veterans from Pauper Burial Causes an Outrageous Reference to Men Who Fought for Their Country.

#### TEMPERANCE AND SOLDIERS.

Democrats Do Not Favor Sobriety or Decent

Burial of Veterans. It is probable that the present temperance laws will not be changed by this General Assembly, but if it should be, the changes will be in the interest of the saloon-keepers rather than the majority of the voters, who, at the last election, expressed their desire to see a high-license and local-option law passed. How much the third-party Prohibitionists expect or will demand of the Democratic members whom they helped to elect in several counties, has not yet been made public, but it is certain that they will be disappointed in their expectations. In Hendricks county, the Democrats and Prohibitionists combined on a candidate for the Legislature, but, luckily, he was defeated by Mr. Stanley, the Republican, who is an earnest advocate of high license and local option. Combination candidates fared better in some counties, however, and, as the Prohibitionists might have known, those of Democratic proclivities will vote against any and all measures looking to temperance and sobriety. The first skirmish in that occurred in the House yesterday afternoon, soon after the members were called to order. During the roll-call for the introduction of bills, the first few days of the session, several Republicans introduced bills providing for higher license and local option.

All these bills went to the committee on temperance, and although it has had a conference or two, it has shown no disposition to consider the measures proposed by the minority. The situation was so discouraging that the Republicans, pledged to work untiringly in the interest of better tem-perance laws, decided to ask the House to instruct its temperance committee to take some steps toward complying with the demand of the majority of the people of the State. Representative Brown, of Henry county, therefore introduced the following resolution:

Whereas, The Democratic party, having a ma-jority in both houses of this General Assembly, and thereby having the power to enact whole-

Some laws for the people; and,

Whereas, The people of this State are expecting, and have a right to demand of their Representatives and Senators in this General Assembly the enactment of laws that will give to them a free expression of their rights guaranteed to them under our organic laws; and,

Whereas, A great majority of the people of this State is represented by the minority in this General Assembly: and, Whereas, Said minority is willing to join hands with the majority and enact such laws as will give to the people of this State the right of local self-government and self-control upon all ques-tions pertaining to their rights and privileges; therefore, be it

Resolved by the House of Representatives, the Senate concurring, that the committee on temperance be, and it is hereby instructed to report a bill giving to the people of this State in their several localities the right to determine whether or not intoxicating liquors shall be sold therein.

The resolution created a panie on the Democratic side of the House, where the members were even afraid to allow the resolution to be discussed. Before any one had an opportunity to say a word in behalf of the resolution, Representative Schmuck, of Marion, moved that it be laid on the table. The yeas and nays were demanded, and the motion prevailed. Every Democrat voted to table the resolution, and every Republican opposed such action. This is important, as it practically shows that the majority will not even permit a discussion

of the subject of better temperance laws. The action on this resolution was the only feature of particular interest in the House. Two or three of the reports of the committees on bills were debated at some length. The committee on education submitted a favorable report on Representa-tive Moon's bill, amending the present township institute law so as not to make the attendance of teachers compulsory, and allowing them per diem if they do attend. Some of the Representatives who are school teachers opposed the report because they believed the bill was striking a fatal blow at the institutes, but, over their protests, the committee's recommendation was con-

Just as adjourning time was reached, the committee on benevolent institutions submitted a favorable report on Representa-tive Hess's bill providing for the burial of all poverty-stricken ex-Union soldiers at the expense of the State, the cost not to exceed \$35. Opposition to the report immediately sprang up on the Democratic side of the House. Representative Wilson, of Shelby, made a speech, in which he protested against the State being put to the expense of burying any old soldier. If they were public charges, he thought they could be buried by the asylum or poorhouse in which they died. Representative Reynolds said he was ashamed to learn that there was a man on the floor of the House who would rise and object to such a bill. In the first place, the State should not permit an indigent soldier within its borders; every man who served in the army should have a pension that would place him beyond poverty. It was true, the old soldiers could be buried by the pauper asylums and by the counties, but what sort of a burial were they given!—merely wrapped in a blanket and put in a wooden box. The bill provided for the decent burial of every indigent ex-Union soldier. Any man who loved his country and appreciated what the soldiers had done for it should be ashamed to enter an objection. While the discussion was pending, the House adjourned, and further consideration of the report will be taken up the first thing this morning.

It was an uneventful day in the Senate, only routine business being considered and not a great deal of that. The Johnson-Griffith incident of last week received a passing notice just before adjournment in the afternoon. The committee on supervision and inspection of the journal, submitted a majority and a minority report on the language used by Senators Johnson, Griffith and Smith. The majority report, which omitted the provoking words of Smith and Griffith was adopted by a party vote. Senator Johnson, arising to a question of privilege, entered a protest against the adoption of the report and requested that his protest be spread upon the journal. It was expected that the Senator from Wayne would be called upon to retract the language he used concerning Senator Griffith, but the Democratic guerrillas do not seem anxious to enter into another ex-

### Minor Legislative Matters.

The Democratic Senators held a caucus following the adjournment of yesterday afternoon's session. The election bills introduced, and the contested election cases were considered. Some of the Senators, who, after doing all the dirty work they could in the last election are now anxious to go on record as reformers, object to Senator Andrews's election bill with Australian attachments. The special object of the caucus was to reach an understanding as to which bill should be supported, and it is anderstood the objecting Senators were driven to the support of the Andrews measure. It was thought that when the time comes to unseat Senators Carpenter and Bichowski, some of the Democratic patriots will weaken, and that matter was canvassed to the satisfaction of

ans opposing the unwarranted action, but the report of the majority will be adopted without the minority being given an opportunity to expose the infamous action. Senator Cox will submit the majority report, and in order to cut off all debate will move the previous question. Seven days in the week, whether he works majority report, and in order to cut off all debate will move the previous question. Scott Ray is already here, ready to occupy the stolen seat. The Grimes-Bichowski case was to have been taken up last night, but on account of the sickness of Senator Bichowski the committee postponed its meeting until this evening. Senator Bichowski will be represented by attorneys from Terre Haute, and will have plenty of witnesses to refute every charge on which it is expected to unseat him.

It is expected to unseat him.

The majority caucus to nominate a State Librarian will be held tomorrow evening, unless there should be another postponemet. The lady candidates for the position are Miss Emma Porter, Miss Nellie Ahern, Peru; Mrs. Ella Nave, Danville; Mrs. Basler, Mrs. Hibben, Mrs. Shideler, Indianapolis; Mrs. J. S. Gordon, Greencastle; Mrs. Cooper, Shelby-ville; Mrs. Wilson, Bedford, Miss Holland, Vincennes; Miss Pendleton, Franklin, and Miss Jones, of Vermillion county. The other candidates are J. P. Dunn and R. O. Johnson, both of this city. None of the lady candidates claim to have the support of less than twenty members pledged. port of less than twenty members pledged, which would make a total of 240 Democrats

in the assembly. Messrs. Dunn and Johnson are not claiming anything yet.

As the session gains headway the Democrats are becoming more liberal in their provision for commissions of various kinds. Senator Cox has an idea about a Supreme Court commission which he incorporated into a bill introduced yesterday. It provides for thirteen commissioners, one from each congressional district, and all to be elected by the General Assembly. The commissioners, under the bill, are to serve two years and any time after that may be discharged by the Supreme Court. Nothing is said about the political complexion of the thirteen, but the General Assembly would hardly select Republicans. Salary is not mentioned in

Door-keeper Hamilton, of the Senate, is not finding his official position a pleasant one. He had a full force of twenty-eight assistants at work when the Senate passed the resolution requiring that twenty should be ex-Union soldiers. Mr. Hamilton was compelled to make a pretense at complying with the resolution, and as he had not em-ployed any old soldiers, it was necessary to let a portion of his originally selected force go. Those who were dis-charged are still hanging around the mamber, and making threats of what the will do unless they are reinstated. In the original force there were three Morgan county products, H. C. Cox, a brother of the Senator, Barney Burns and A. S. Hart. Hart was the only one retained, and now Cox and Burns are making it very lively for Hamilton. They claim Hart was not soldier, nor has he been regarded as a good Democrat. Furthermore, they say he is a member of the federal grand jury, and is now drawing pay from both the United States and the State. The disgruntled exassistants threaten to prepare a document setting forth these charges, and present it

to the Senate. The House committee on the affairs of the city of Indianapolis, composed principally of the Marion county members, will be ready to report on the Curtis bill, providing for a board of control, some time this week. One of the members said, yesterday, that some of the most objectionable features would be stricken out before it was reported back. Speaking of the bill, a Republican member of the House said that the Democratic schemers had no idea of getting it through as it was introduced. "Those remarkably obnoxious features were inserted after the bill was drawn," said he, "and for the purpose of centering the criticism upon them, thus hoping to direct the public attention from the bad features of the bill as a whole. For my part, I do not think there is a section of the bill that should become a law. It has but one object, and that is to put the Democratic party in charge of Indianapolis affairs, and keep in charge of Indianapolis affairs, and keep it in power for all time." The bill amending the Metropolitan police law will, along with board-of-control measure, receive a favorable report from the spoilsmen.

Condition of the Prison South. The House committee on the affairs of the southern prison, composed of Messrs. Applegate, Work, McKelvey, Zoercher, Beasley, Hobson, Stanley and Commons, returned from Jeffersonville early yesterday morning. They spent nearly three days in the prison, and all seem pleased with what they learned concerning its management. They say a marked improvement has been made since Warden Patten succeeded Howard. The Republican members will join the majority in a report stating that the ventilation and cleanliness of the place is as good as can be made. considering the old buildings, and rather ancient method of their arrangement. The discipline was also found to be good. On Saturday the convicts were called together in the chapel, and asked if they had any complaints to make. Not one was presented; on the other hand, many of the prisoners volunteered the in-formation that their treatment was all they

The committee will recommend the passage of the bill appropriating \$20,000 to pay the debts incurred by Jack Howard, and \$15,000 to be used in making some improvements about the prison, including a new ming-nam, putting heating apparatus. The also recommend Warder Patten's salary be raised from \$1,600 to \$2,000 per annum. The worden told the committee that some of the companies employing prisoners in manufacturing boots and shoes would not be able to use near so many men this year as previously, and that unless some new plan was adopted many of the prisoners would be idle the greater part of the year. He suggested that he be allowed to use the unemployed men in manufacturing boots and shoes for the inmates of the other penal and State benevolent institutions. He believes he can get as much or more work from the men as the contractors did, and he believes the plan would save a good deal of money to the State. The committee will not recommend that the warden's suggestions be put in practice, but the attention of the House will be called to them.

Some of the Bills Considered. Only a few of the committees have done much work yet, and, consequently, there is a lack of business before the branches of the Assembly. In the Senate, the committee on judiciary was the only one that was ready to report yesterday. It recommended faverable action on over a dozen bills, but none of a political character. The first bill reported was that of Senator Barrett, against trusts, combines, etc. It makes it a penal offense for persons to form trusts, combines and pools, or to contract with a view of raising or lowering the price of any article, and gives any person who may consider himself damaged by such action the right to recover damage from the persons composing the illegal organizations. Senator Johnson's bill, concerning the death penalty, was also reported upon favorably, and read a second time. It provides that the death penalty shall always be carried out in one of the State prisons, and that the execution be entirely secret. The other Senate bills coming in with favorable reports provide for the amending of various sections of the revised statutes. In the House the bills favorably reported were those appropriating \$100,000 for the rebuilding of the State Normal School; providing for the burial of dependent ex-Union soldiers by the State, and changing the terms of court in the Second judicial circuit. The last one, the rules being suspended, was passed. As it is of a purely local character it received the unanimous vote of the House.

Minor Legislative Notes. Robert C. Huston has been appointed clerk of the House committee on ways and

Both Madison and Hamilton counties, it is said, want separate judicial circuits. "The circuit." said ex-Senator Graham yesterday, "was organized when Hamilton county had only half the population she now has. Legal business is increasing with us. Natural gas properties contribute largely to it, and we ought to have a circuit court of our own." A number of gen-tlemen from Anderson and Noblesville met vesterday with the House and Senate committees to consider the bills creating a court for each of the counties named.

The report of the committee on elections unseating Senator Carpenter, of Shelby and Decatur, will be a minority report by the Republic
Already there are 135 employes in the House and Senate, as follows: Fifty-seven door-keepers, eight assistants for the Secretary, eight committee clerks,

Already there are 135 employes in the House and Senate, as follows: Fifty-seven door-keepers, eight assistants for the Secretary of the Senate, nine assistants for the assistant secretary, eight committee clerks,

The bill [H. R. 137] to provide for the burial of ex-Union soldiers was read the second time.

Mr. Pierce spoke in its favor, as did also Mr. Kelly, who desired the amount raised from \$35 to \$45. Pending the discussion of this bill, the assistant secretary, eight committee clerks,

eight pages, thirteen assistant clerks in the House, nine assistants to the assistant elerk, five committee clerks and seven pages. or not. The force for the session will cost the State over \$40,000. If it was increased by fifteen, there would be an employe for

each member of the General Assembly. A resolution passed the House, yesterday afternoon, authorizing the committee on education to telegraph to San Francisco for a full set of California school books. The minority objected to incurring so much expense, as it could not be shown that the books would be of any value to the committee.

A special to the Journal from Portland states that the bill introduced in the Legislature to give Jay and Adams counties each a judge is opposed bitterly by a por-tion of the bar and nine-tenths of the taxpayers. The business of both counties can be done, easy, by one judge. Adams county has less litigation than any county in the State for its population.

The House yesterday adopted a resolution instructing the committee on ways and means to revise the present method of taxation. Representative Adams, of Morgan, and other minority members, urged that a special committee be appoint a to do the work, because they thought it was important, and did not believe the ways and means committee would be able to give the subject proper attention.

#### PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL.

The Senators Introduce More Bills and Tall About the Minutes.

The Senate was opened with prayer, yesterday, by Senator Smith, of Wells and Huntington. Several Senators were granted leaves of absence and pairs were announced and extended. The Lieutenant-governor directed the call of the roll for new bills, and the following were introduced, read by title only, and referred to appropriate committees: By Senator Cox: [S. 202.] To create Supreme Court commissioners, and provide for the elec-tion thereof in each Congressional district,

By Senator Dresser: [8, 203.] To authorize persons having claims against the State to bring suit in the Superior Court of Marion county. By Senator Jones: [8. 204.] To amend See. 64 of an act concerning taxation, passed in 1885.

By Senator Mullinix: [8, 205.] To provide for
the study of alcoholic drinks and their effect on the human system, in the public schools.

By Senator Shockney: [S. 206.] To limit passenger rates on railroads.

By Senator Smith: [8. 207.] To amend Sec. 2 of the act regulating the practice of medicine. By Senator Urmston: [S. 208.] To create a State commission to license stationary engineers. By Senator Byrd: [S. 209.] For relief of trustees of townships in Clay county. By Senator Shanks: [S. 210.] For honest elec-

By Senator Urmston: [S. 211.] For the protection of birds, their nests and eggs. By Senator Byrd: [S. 212.] To fix the residence of railroad corporations. By Senator Barrett: [S. 213.] To amend Section 5 of the act to grant compensation to owners of animals killed by railroads. By Senator Berry: [S. 214.] To amend Section 147 of the taxation act. By Senator Hudson: [8, 215.] To amend the act for the incorporation of street-railroad com-By Senator Johnson: [8.216.] To amend Section of an act concerning real property. Also: [8. 217.] To amend Section 17 of a similar act.

By Senator Barrett: [8. 218.] Relative to the appointment of special deputies, marshals or po-

AFTERNOON SESSION. By Senator Barrett: A joint resolution propos-ing an amendment to Sections 1 and 6 of the Con-By Senator Brannaman: [S. 219.] To amend Section 1 of an act establishing certain offices in cities and towns. By Senater Griffith: A joint resolution propos-

By Senator Harlan: [S. 220.] To prohibit persons not members from wearing a badge of the By Senator Harness: [8. 221.] To amend Sec-By Senator Jackson: [8, 222.] To confer on town marshals the daties and powers of consta-

By Senator Logsdon: A joint resolution to amend Section 2, of Article 6, of the Constitution By Senator Mullinix: [8, 223.] To prohibit the manufacture of any compounds in imitation of butter or cheese. By Senator Thompson, of Jasper: [8. 224.] To amend Section 8 of the public health act, in regulating the practice of medicine; the same being Section 4993 of the R. S. By Senator Urmston: Joint resolution proposing to amend Section 8, Article 8, of the State Senator Duncan, from the majority of the com mittee on inspection of the journal, submitted corrections relating to the language of Schators

Johnson, Smith and Griffith in the afternoon ses-Senator Dresser submitted a minority report recommending that three pages of the journal be stricken out, together with other matter embracing language said to have been used by Senators Johnson, Smith and Griffith. Senator Urmston moved to substitute the majority for the minority report. This motion was agreed to by yeas, 18; nays, 16; and the Senate then concurred in the majority report by yeas,

21; nays, 11. Senator Johnson, rising to a question of privilege, said: "I desire to enter my objection and protest against substituting the majority for the minority report, and the adoption of the majority report, upon the ground that it does not state the facts as I understand them; and also protest and object to the rejection of the minority report for the reason that it does state the facts as I understand them correctly and fully; and I give notice that I will write out my protest and ask that it be spread upon the journals of the Senate." Senator Kerth offered a resolution to constitute a standing committee on revision of the Con-stitution, to consist of Senators Griffith, Traylor, Howard, Barrett, Shockney, Grose and Hays. He also offered a resolution providing that the standing committee on rules shall be composed of Senators Urmston, Logsdon and Johnson,

Both were adopted.

On motion of Senator Thompson, of Jasper, his bill [8, 57] to legalize the survey and plot of Rensselaer, made in 1875, was read the third Senator Howard stated the committee on cities and towns, having considered this bill, were unanimously of the opinion it should pass. Senator Thompson said that under Section 2249 of the Revised Statutes a survey of the town was ordered by the board of trustees, and the survey was made as the section of the statute requires, and a yea and nay vote was taken on it by the board of trustees. That yea and nay vote does not appear by record, and this bill is to rectify the record made on the return. The bill was passed by yeas 41, nays, none. On motion of Senator Urmston a section of the gallery was ordered to be set apart for the use of ladies. The Senate adjourned until this morn-

House of Representatives.

The session of the House began in the afternoon, and was opened with prayer by the Rev. Dr. Ford, of Central-avenue M. E. Church. Mr. Foster, by consent, offered a joint resolution to amend the State Constitution, Section 2 Article 2, so as to provide for one year's residence as qualification for every voter. Mr. Brown, by consent, offered a resolution to instruct the committee on temperance to prepare and report a local-option liquor-law bill. On motion of Mr. Schmuck it was laid on the tableyeas 46, nays 35. Mr. Pleasants offered a resolution, which was adopted, directing the committee on education to call upon county superintendents of schools to furnish lists of books used in their schools, with the prices of the same. A resolution was also offered by him, and adopted, directing the Clerk

of the House to procure a complete set of com-mon school books published by the State of Cali-Mr. Beasley, by consent, offered a joint resolu-tion to amend Section 2, Article 2, of the State Constitution, so as to make terms of county officers four years, and prohibiting, except in the case of surveyor, two successive terms by the same incumbent. It was referred to the com-

mittee on judiciary. Mr. Applegate, by consent, introduced a bill [H. R. 250] to amend an act in relation to street railways. A bill was introduced by Mr. Henry H. R. 249] to appoint separate trustees for the Insane Hospital, and institutes for blind and deaf and dumb. Mr. Work introduced a bill [H. R. 251] to pay the claims of Wood & Cooper for repair of a street in Indianapolis. Referred. Mr. Zoercher, by consent, offered a concurrent resolution, which was adopted, authorizing the appointment of a joint committee, to consist of five Senators and five Representatives, to prepare and report a bill for the better enforcement of the law relative to the return of property for

stitution, relating to the election of State officers. Mr. Iddings, by consent, introduced a bill [H. R. 252] to pay a claim of Stephen Fillipi. Bills on the second reading were then taken up, on which the court-term bill [H. R. 103] was submitted, with a favorable report from the committee. On motion of Mr. Zoercher the constitutional rule was suspended, the bill read the second time and finally passed by-yeas, 83;

Mr. Conn, by consent, offered a joint resolution

to amend Section 7, Article 7, of the State Con-

Mr. Loop introduced a bill [H. R. 253] relating to the care and custody of orphan children. Re-Mr. Ader's school bill [H. R. 108] was ordered engrosse The bill [H. R. 41] to amend the common-school law relative to teachers' institutes was read the second time, with a favorable committee report, and ordered engrossed for the third

The bill [H. R. 121] appropriating \$100,000 for the Normal School was ordered engrossed.

The bill [H. R. 26] to amend Sections 4369 and 4393 was indefinitely postponed.

The bill [H. R. 137] to provide for the burial of ex-Union soldiers was read the second in least the second in leas

#### MINOR CITY MATTERS.

To-Day's Doings. GEORGE H. THOMAS POST-Camp-fire, paper recitations and music-evening. ROYAL ARCANUM ENTERTAINMENT-Tom

linson Hall, evening. GRADUATING EXERCISES-Training School of Nurses, City Hospital, evening. FRUIT SHOW, STATE HORTICULTURAL SO-CIETY-State-house, morning and afternoon. INDIANA JERSEY CATTLE-BREEDERS' AS-SOCIATION - Agricultural Hall, Capitol-1 P. M.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY-Tenth day, morning and afternoon. GRAND OPERA-HOUSE-Kellar, in sleight-ofhand entertainment. ARK THEATER-Frank Burt and Addie Phillips, in "Just in Time," afternoon and evening. ENGLISH'S OPERA-HOUSE-Hanlons, in "Le

Voyage en Suisse," evening. EDEN MUSEE-Curiosities, afternoon and even-

BATTLE OF ATLANTA CYCLORAMA-Market street, between Illinois and Tennessee, day and evening. Local News Notes. Senator Griffith is put down for an ora-

tion before the Hendricks Club this evening. Marriage licenses were issued yesterday to John Dunlea and Annie Donahue, Prince Albert Tamer and Elizabeth Welsh. Under the system of interstate exchanges which now prevails among State boards of health, the State board here has been noti-

fied of the existence of varioloid at Oberlin, Kan., and small-pox at Nanticoke, Pa. Articles of incorporation were filed with Secretary of State Griffin yesterday by the Howell Land Company, of Evansville, capi-tal stock \$25,000, and the Hazelwood Gas Company, of Anderson, capital stock \$25,000. Luther Lebo, who was killed at Sparta, Ill., last Friday night, was in the employ of the Broad Ripple Gas Company, of this city, last winter. He has a brother living at Noblesville, instead of this city, as indicated by the dispatch received at police headquarters Saturday night.

Building permits were issued yesterday to Jesse Gant for an addition to cottage on Michigan street, between Dorman and Pine, \$250; Thomas Creamer, frame shop on alley between Alvord street and the L. E. & W. railroad tracks, \$1,000, and W. J. Dalton & Co., frame office, No. 40 South Noble street, \$200.

Personal and Society.

Mr. F. T. Lee has returned from the East. Miss Jessie Toan, of Plymouth, left yesterday for Richmond to visit friends. Mr. G. L. McLain, of New York, is expected here to-day to make a short visit to friends.

Mrs. Lizzie J. Goodale, of Trinidad, Col., is visiting her mother, Mrs. Raible, No. 227 South New Jersey street. Mr. John Brooks, of Springfield, Mass. s visiting his sister, Mrs. George O. Eld ridge, on North Delaware street.

Augustus L. Mason, formerly of McDon-ald, Butler & Mason, has returned to the city and resumed the practice of the law. The annual graduating exercises of the Flower Mission Training-school for Nurses will be held to-night at the City Hospital. Mrs. I. N. Randolph, who has been visit-ing her sister, Miss T. L. Voss, for a week, returned to her home in Noblesville yester-

Miss Lizzie Tilton returned to her home in Madison, yesterday, after spending a few weeks in this city with Mrs. Charles Wal-

Mrs. Bridgeford Smith, who has been the guest of Mrs. Anna Walker and family for some time has returned to her home in Louisville. Miss Angela Maxwell will play Fr. Ben-

del's "Cascade du Chandon", for the first time in this city, at the concert to be given at the Y. M. C. A. Hall. Col. John A. Bridgland and niece, Miss Kate Figgatt expect to go to West Baden this week. The Colonel hopes that a stay there will be of benefit to his health.

A very enjoyable afternoon was spent. Saturday last, at the home of Mrs. W. T. Brown, the occasion being a thimble party in honor of Miss Black, of Terre Haute. The guests were Misses Katherine Cooper Ella Black, Wasson, Andrus, Hawk, Johnson, Carlin, Palmer, Barry, Nickleson, Good, Blackledge, Heart, Montgomery, Ford, Conner and Henley, Mesdames Gardner, Schmidlap, C. Cooper, Cale, Todd and Perry. Lunch was served at small tables, "Mother Goose rhymes" deciding at which table the guests should be seated.

WEDDING ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATION. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Jan. 21.-Col. and Mrs. R. N. Hudson celebrated the twentyfifth anniversary of their wedding this even-ing. All of the older citizens and their chil

dren were present. MARRIED FIFTY YEARS.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. SLELBYVILLE, Ind., Jan. 21.-Mr. and Mrs. William Hacker celebrated their golden wedding anniversary, this evening, from 6 to 9 o'clock, by the reception of their friends at their home on Mechanic street. Mr. Hacker is well known over the State in Masonic circles.

#### THEIR ACTION LED TO ARRESTS.

Novelties Obtained from One Prisoner While Two More Are Held on Suspicion.

Three arrests were made yesterday which promise to be of more than ordinary importance. The one was that of a man who gave his name as Thomas Withams, a clerical-looking individual of about thirty-eight summers. Patrolman Wilson found him in a second-hand store on Washington street about 4 o'clock attempting to dispose of some wearing apparel. His stock in trade presented at the store was a blanket. lady's shawl and a very handsome black silk skirt trimmed in rich lace. He wanted \$5 for them. When arrested he stated that the articles were all he possessed and that they were lawfully his. However, when he was taken to the station an examination of his person revealed that he had other articles with him. Among them was a double handful of genuine gold sleeve-buttons, rings and small knick-knacks in the jewelery line. He also had four or five razors, and the same amount of clippers, a revolver, a case-knife, which undoubtedly was used for opening windows, and a small bit. On the handle of one of the razors the name of F. H. Knight was scratched, which may lead to the identification and conviction of Williams. Two suspicous characters were noticed

by the officer at the time when he made the arrest. They were loitering on the opposite side of the street, and made a quick departure when Williams was taken. It is presumed they were his accomplices. The prisoner gave conflicting stories about his home. He told officer Wilson that he was from Louisville, but while in conversation with the dealer in second-hand goods, he said his home was not far from the city. The other arrests were of two well-dressed men by patrolmen Laporte and Leabau. They gave their names as Charles Howland, aged twentyeight, and Charles S. Thompson, aged forty-five. The only charge brought against them was that of loitering. They were noticed by the police around several of the banks all day, paying particular attention to the Indianapolis National. One of them went into the postoffice in the early part of the afternoon and managed to get into conversation with Mr. Jones. While they were talking he informed Mr. Jones that he was a clerk in the Indianapolis National Bank. The statement at once excited Jones's suspicions and he gave the information to the police. This circumstance, along with other queer acts, brought about their arrest. The opinion is entertained by some of the officers that one of them is the same person who worked the gold-brick scheme in this city some time ago on Joseph Lewark, and it is thought by some that the other is Dutch Alonzo, from Cincinnati. It was rumored for a while on the streets, after their arrest, that they were the men who committed the postofiice robery, but this is not the case. About 9 o'clock last night a prisoner handed a note to the officers stating that he had over-

ficers smiled at the information. Carpenters' Wages.

An open meeting of the carpenters of the city has been called for next Thursday evening, at the old State Supreme Court | throat.

heard a conversation between the two men, in which it was said that they would be

out before morning, there being a wear

what appeared to be a weak place from the

inside is in reality a strong one, and the of-

place in their cell, as they thought, but

room, corner of Washington and Tennessee streets, to consider the subject of wages and a schedule for the coming building season. It is said that the average wages paid here are \$2.25 a day, and that these are below Chicago prices.

#### AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE-KELLAR, THE MA-

GICIAN. Kellar, the favorite illusionist and prestidigitateur, appeared at the Grand Operahouse, last night, in an entertainment possessing several new features. Kellar is among the best, if not the very best of the magicians, and to his entertainments is added an additional pleasurable feature, as he explains fully how a number of his best tricks are performed. He does all sorts of mysterious things and does them artistically, too. Professor Shortis, a musical specialist, is a member of his company, and Kellar's part of the programme is occasionally enlivened by some good banjo and violin music. To-night closes the engagement.

ENGLISH'S-"VOYAGE EN SUISSE." The Hanlon's "Voyage en Suisse," which appeared at English's last uight, is a lightweight attraction. It is a pantomimic comedy in which stage mechanism and acrobatic tricks cut the principal figure. The company is not particularly bad, but it lacks a great deal of being conspicuously good. The engagement closes to-night.

PARK-"JUST IN TIME." Both in comedy and sensational features "Just in Time," which was seen for the first time here at the Park yesterday, is rather the most striking production this house has had for some time. The piece is full of excitement, both in incidents and climaxes, and it is put on the stage in a manner that adds to its realism. A high tank, representing a whirlpool, and other special scenes and mechanisms make the effect, so far as the eye is concerned, particularly good. Mr. Frank Burt, who plays the leading part, is an eccentric character comedian of originality and discrimination and his work in the piece is noteworthy. Miss Addie Phillips, the leading support, is a clever and attractive soubrette, who adds much to the interest of the performance. The support otherwise is creditable, and two large audiences manifested their appreciation of the play and its presentation yesterday, by much applause and laughter. "Just in Time" will run all week, afternoon and

Thatcher, Primrose & West's ministrels, the largest and most talented ministrel company traveling, will give their only performance here this season at the Grand to-morrow night, presenting an entirely new bill of specialties and features, in troducing the gorgeous Shakspearean first part. Seats are now on sale and there is a good demand. An audience that fills the

theater may be expected.

Chee Mah, the Chinese dwarf, aged fifty, only twenty-eight inches high and weighing but forty pounds, is the chief attraction at the Eden Musee this week and is proving to be a great curiosity. There is a good stage show there also.

The advance sale of seats for Minnie Palm er's engagement at the Grand, the latter part of the week, will begin this morning. "My Brother's Sister" will be given Thurs-day and Friday nights, and "My Sweat-heart" Saturday matinee and evening.

#### GENERAL HARRISON'S CALLERS.

Several Visitors from Abroad Come to the City to Pay Their Respects to Him.

General Harrison had the usual large number of Monday callers yesterday and was occupied pretty much all day in receiving visitors, snatching a few moments now and then to dictate a reply to some letter. His mail continues to be loaded down with applications and petitions for small officers, which he finds no time to examine now, and it would be better all around if such communications were withheld until after March 4. Among the prominent outof-town visitors yesterday was the Hon. T. H. Carter, Delegate-elect to Congress from Montana, and Hon. G. A. Mathews, Delegate-elect from Dakota. They are en route to Washington, and stopped over to have a talk on territorial matters. They are, of course, urgent for the speedy admission of their Territories as States. Two Cincinnati visitors were Dr. William

Finkbine and A. M. Symmes. Dr. Finkbine is in his ninetieth year, yet as active as a man of fifty. He was intimately acquainted with Gen. William Henry Harrison, and was postmaster at Cleves. O., over forty years ago. Cleves is the town for the settlement of North Bend, where Gen. Benjamin Harrison was born, and the latter, when a mere lad, formed an acquaintance with the Doctor, which guaranteed that venerable gentleman cordial welcome. he called merely to pay his respects and re-new old acquaintance; that his office-holding days were over. Mr. Symmes is distantly related to the Harrisons. His visit was a social one. L. Bradford Prince, ex-Associate Justice of New Mexico, and Mr. George Christ, of Nogales, A. T., also called. Judge Prince is a native of New York, and a warm personal friend of Warner Miller's. His visit, however, had no reference to C. K. Michael, of Brooklyn, member of the executive committee of the National Typo-graphical Union, called to talk about the recognition that organized labor desired to secure in the several great departments of the government. He expressed himself as satisfied with his interview. There were two prominent railroad men among the visitors—Geo. R. Blanchard, the pool commissioner, from Chicago, and Capt. W. W. Peabody, of Cincinnati, formerly president of the Ohio & Mississippi railway, who is an old friend and former client of General Harrison's. Maj. Clifton Comley. com-mander of the United States arsenal in this city, accompanied Captain Peabody. It is conjectured that these gentlemen probably tendered the President-elect a special train to carry him to Washington. Among other social visitors were J. B. Townsend, of New York, and W. E. Vigus, of Chicago, the general manager and western manager of the News Press Association; also, Colonel Baker, of Tennessee. Miss Alice Sanger, who was General Harrison's stenographer during the campaign, returned from Europe yesterday, and visited the General and his family to-day.

Mrs. Harrison is in receipt of a rare photograph of herself, a present from Col. E. D. Woodruff, of Auburn, N. Y. A few weeks ago she gave Colonel Woodruff her cabinet profile photograph, and he apparently returns the identical portrait transferred, by a new process, upon a thick beveled plate glass, and colored in the most perfect imitation of nature. It is totally unlike a painted picture, the coloring being done with chemicals, the discovery of a German scientist. The picture is handsomely framed and rests upon the mantel in the General's library, where it attracts the attention of her friends because of its remarkable natural-

The Y. M. C. A. Concert.

The concert to be given at the Y. M. C. A. Hall to-morrow night will be after a very attractive programme, as it offers a wide variety of selections. It will include whistling, violin, piano and cornet solos, as well as vocal solos, trios and quartets. Prof. Newland will play his new composition "Valse Caprice." Seats may now be reserved without extra price at Baldwin's Music Store.

Gas-Fitter to Blame. Corenor Wagner finds that the death of Vina Willhite, of Haughville, which occurred on the 11th inst. as the result of a gas-explosion, was due to the neglect of John G. Bevin. It is alleged that Bevin, who is a gas-fitter, removed a cap from the "riser" after the pipes had been inspected, allowing the gas, which subsequently exploded, to escape.

The Throat. "Brown's Bronchial Troches" act directly on the organs of the voice. They have an extraordinary effect in all disorders of the

#### FUNNY LOVE AFFAIR.

Onancock (Va.) Special to Baltimore American.

A Man Who Believes Himself a Girl Quarrels with a Lover and Both Are Shot.

Information has been received here of a

rather singular shooting affray that oc-

a small village some twelve or fifteen miles south of this place. Andrew Ashmead, a young tailor, who resides in Craddockville, has long labored under the hallucination that he is a woman, and has imagined him-self desperately in love with several young men in the neighborhood. Among those who have won the affections of tailor Ash-mead is John Kellam, aged about twenty years, and a son of a widow lady. Kellam humored Ashmead's whims and encouraged his attentions. The question had been popped in due form, the engagement made and the day for the marriage set. Several evenings ago Kellam called on Ashmead and was escorting him to a neighbor's house. When they were going through the woods a dispute arose as to the color of the dress which Ashmead was to wear on the dress which Ashmead was to wear on the occasion of his approaching marriage to Kellam. Ashmead insisted on bright red, while Kellam swore he should wear a dress of solid green. The dispute waxed hot, when Ashmead flew into a towering rage, drew his pistol and shot Kellam's right forefinger off. Kellam replied by emptying two barrels of his pistol at Ashmead, the first ball striking him in the fleshy part of the thigh, and the second striking him on the backbone and glancing off on one of his ribs till it came out of his side, where it tore the flesh and skin away for several inches. But for striking the bone, the last wound must have proved fatal. After last wound must have proved fatal. After the shooting both parties became heartily ashamed of their conduct, and each went to his home and retired without saying any-thing about what 'ad happened. The next morning Ashmead's bed was found covered with blood, and Kellam's bandaged hand confirmed the suspicion that something wrong had happened. The secret gradually leaked out among the friends and neighbors of the parties, but every effort-was made to keep it secret, but the matter finally came to the knowledge of the local officials, who had Ashmead and Kellam arrested. The trial took place yesterday at the village of Pungoteague before Justice Blackstone, in the presence of a large crowd of curious spectators. After hearing the case, the justice put both parties under bonds to appear before the grand jury of the county court. The affair has created no little sensation here, and revives the memory of the famous Duer-Hearn tragedy that occurred ten or twelve years ago near ocomoke City, Md., where Miss Laly Duer. who labored under the illusion that she was a man, shot and killed a Miss Hearn, with whom she was in love, and who, she thought, was fonder of a certain young man than herself. Ashmead lived for a short while in this town, where he was regarded as an odd character and not very bright.

#### Li Hung Chang Very Ill.

Persons interested in "far Cathay" will regret to hear that Li Hung Chang is very II. He has a stroke of paralysis, and the gravest fears are entertained as to the result. Li is Viceroy of the province of Chihli, and outside the imperial family is the first civilian in the Chinese empire. During the Taeping rebellion and after the capitulation of Soo-Chow he executed the insurgent leaders. whom Gen. Gordon meant to spare. Gen. Gordon resigned in consequence, but afterwards again took his command. To make the Chinese army efficient has always been the aim of Li Hung Chang, and the different arsenals in the empire owe their exist-

#### ence to him. Ruddy and Healthy.

Rinsing the mouth with Sozodont, after cleansing the teeth with it, renders the gums, if flaccid, pale and sensitive, hard, ruddy and strong. Of the beautifying action upon the teeth of this inimitable dentifrice, the world has known for thirty

Pears' Soap secures a beautiful com-

BEECHAM's Pills act like magic on a weak FOR a disordered liver try Beecham's

BEECHAM'S Pills cure biliousness and

nervous ills.

An Eminent Physician Reads a Paper of Great Interest Before the International Medical Congress.

At the Ninth International Medical Congress, Dr. At the Ninth International Medical Congress, Dr.
A. L. A. Toboldt, of the University of Pennsylvania, read a paper stating that out of thirty cases treated with Carlsbad Water and the Powder Carlsbad Sprudel Salt for chronic constipation, hypochondria, disease of the liver and kidneys, jaundice, adiposis, diabetes, dropsy from valvular heart disease, dyspepsia, catarrhal inflammation of the stomach, ulcer of the stomach, or spleen children with marsanus cont stomach or spleen, children with marasmus, gout, rheumatism of the joints, gravel, etc., twenty-six were entirely cured, three much improved, and one not treated long enough. Average time of treatment, four weeks. The Doctor claims, in conclusion of his paper, that the Carlsbad Mineral Water, as exported by the city of Carlsbad, being the natural product, is much to be preferred where the apartity of water is much to be preferred, where the quantity of water is much to be preferred, where the quantity of water is no objection, particularly in diseases of the stonneh. Whenever the quantity of water cannot be taken the Powder Carlsbad Sprudel Salt (genuine imported) will answer equally as well. He states that the effect of the Water and Powder Sprudel Salt is to be relied upon, independently of any adjuncts of treatment, such as diet and exercise, etc. "My experience with the genuine imported Carlsbad Salt in powder form has been such that I may truly say that no remedy which I have employed has given me as much pleasure and profit as this particular one." The dose of Salt is a tablespoonful three times a day dissolved in water. The GENUINE article is bottled under the water. The GENUINE article is bottled under the supervision of the city of Carlsbad, and has the seal of the city, and the signature of Eisner & Mendelson Co. on the neck of every bottle. All others are worth less imitations. The genuine is never sold in bulk.
Dr. Toboldt spaper and table of cases mailed to any
address upon application to the agents of the Carisbad
Spring, Eisner & Mendelson Company, 6 Barclay
street, New York. For sale by all druggists.
THE GENUINE JOHANN HOFF'S MALU EX-TRACT has the signature of "JOHANN HOPP" and "MORITS EISNER" on the neck of every bottle. It is the best nutritive tonic in convalescence, dyspepsia, for the weak and debilitated. Beware of imitations. EISNER & MENDELSON Co. Sole Agents. For sale by all druggists.

AMUSEMENTS.

OPERA-HOUSE GRAND

To-night, last appearance of the World's Master Ma-

#### Assisted by his talented company, in an Entirely New Entertainment.

Regular prices. Get seats in advance.

ENGLISH'S OPERA-HOUSE

## To-night, for the last time, the famous

In their great pantomimic comedy, and to VOYAGE EN SUISSE. Everything new, bright and original.

Prices-25c, 50c, 75c, \$1. Get seats in advance. GRAND OPERA-HOUSE

One Night Only-Wednesday, Jan. 23, the greatest of

# THATCHER, PRIMROSE & WEST'S

Prices 25c to \$1. Seats now on sale GRAND CONCERT

Y. M. C. A Hall, Wednesday Evening, lan. 23, 1889.

Miss Angela Maxwell, Miss Laura McManis, Miss Laura R. McCorkle, Miss Ida Sweenie, Mrs. W. W. Scott, Mrs. U. J. Hammond, Mrs. Leon Bailey, Mr. M. H. Spades, Mr. Frank H. Hemstreet, Mr. Andrew Smith, Mr. Edward Taylor, Prof. R. A. Newland, Mrs. W. C. Lynn, Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Morrison, Mr. A. L. Willard, Messrs. John G. Blake, M. D. Butler, F. M. Ketcham, H. C. Sickles, Harry Porter and Frank Richards. Richards.

Admission, 50c. Reserved seats without extra charge at Baldwin's music store or Y M. C. A. office on Monday.

SCHOOL ENUMERATION.—The Board of School Commissioners of the city of Indianapelis invites proposals for taking the annual school enumeration. Bids will be received until 4 p. m. Friday, Feb. 1, 1889. Address bids to J. B. Conner, Chairman of the Committee on Finance and Auditing—Office of Public Schools. For information call upon the Assistant Secretary. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.